

```

Dec 07, 04 15:03      runGENOA.help      Page 1/8
XScript: GENOA and Hollywoodb .. Dirk Holste 12/XX/04 .. last change 12/XX/2004
*****
*                               GENOA - Genome Annotation                               *
*                               D.Holste, R-F.Yeh, L.P.Lim, G.Yeo and C.Burge          *
*                               http://genes.mit.edu/genoa                             *
*****

The Genome Annotation (GENOA) program maps cDNA and EST sequences to genomic DNA and reports the genomic location of successfully aligned cDNA and EST sequences for gene loci. Genomic DNA input data can be taken as transcriptional units of Ensembl-annotated gene loci, but generally any segment of genomic DNA of size smaller than 1Mb can be annotated. After masking cDNAs for interspersed repeats (rm-cDNAs), GENOA finds locations of significant rm-cDNA:genomic (BLAST) hits and pursues a spliced alignment of cDNAs, using the program mRNAcsGen. For each successful alignment, a GenBank file is created, and cDNA sequence alignments are annotated in GenBank format. This is denoted as 'anchoring'. After anchoring, GENOA finds locations of significant EST:rm-cDNA (BLAST) hits and pursues a spliced alignment of ESTs, using the program sim4. For each successful alignment, the corresponding GenBank file is updated, and cDNA and EST sequence alignments are annotated in GenBank format. Note that cDNA alignments annotate as mRNA and CDS sequences, if given, and EST sequences are annotated with associated cDNA library information (tissue category). In its current setup, EST-only alignments are not supported, but can be achieved by mimicking prior cDNA alignments.

This helpfile discusses the following topics:

1      Basic input
1.1    Preparation of LIB_genomic
1.2    Preparation of LIB_RNA
1.3    Preparation of LIB_EST
1.4    Preparation of LIB_repeat

2      Basic options
2.1    cDNA Repeat masking
2.2    EST sequences
2.3    Extraction of cDNA sequences from GenBank

3      Advanced options
3.1    BLAST parameters
3.2    EST spliced alignments (sim4 output)

4      Basic output
4.2    The directory /genoa and how to read results
4.4    The log file (logGENOA.*)

5      Scripts and binaries
5.1    Preprocessing

6      References

***

1 Basic INPUT

Input format is either 'FASTA format' for genomic, repetitive and EST sequences, or 'Genbank format' for cDNAs.

1.1 Genomic sequence data (LIB_genomic)

Multi GenBank file:

```

```

Dec 07, 04 15:03      runGENOA.help      Page 2/8
LOCUS      chr21.G187175.Ctgl 133724 bp   DNA           XXX           00-XXX-0000
DEFINITION .
ACCESSION  chr21.ENSG00000187175:1..133724
KEYWORDS   ENSG00000187175.Ctgl chr21:1..133724 133724:133724 ENS:...
SOURCE     Ensembl_121503
ORGANISM   Homo_sapiens
COMMENT    no comment.

FEATURES   Location/Qualifiers
BASE COUNT
ORIGIN     1 GAAGGGCTTT GGTCAAACAT CTCAAGCAGA GGCCTTCCTC CCCCCTGC CTGCACGTGG
          61 C...
          10081 T...
          10141 AAAAATGATA ACTCTATAAT AGAGAAGCAT GCCAAACACT ACCTTA
//

1.2 cDNA sequence data (LIB_mRNA)

Multi GenBank file:
LOCUS      AB000095                2399 bp   mRNA       linear   PRI 04-MAR-1998
DEFINITION Homo sapiens mRNA for hepatocyte growth factor activator inhibitor, complete cds.
ACCESSION  AB000095
VERSION    AB000095.1 GI:2924600
KEYWORDS   hepatocyte growth factor activator inhibitor.
SOURCE     Homo sapiens (human)
ORGANISM   Homo sapiens
           Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi; Mammalia; Eutheria; Primates; Catarrhini; Hominidae; Homo.
REFERENCE  1 (sites)
AUTHORS    Shimomura,T., Denda,K., Kitamura,A., Kawaguchi,T., Kito,M., Kondo,J., Kagaya,S., Qin,L., Takata,H., Miyazawa,K. and Kitamura,N.
TITLE      Hepatocyte growth factor activator inhibitor, a novel Kunitz-type serine protease inhibitor
JOURNAL    J. Biol. Chem. 272 (10), 6370-6376 (1997)
MEDLINE    97197808
PUBMED     9045658
REFERENCE  2 (bases 1 to 2399)
AUTHORS    Denda,K.
TITLE      Direct Submission
JOURNAL    Submitted (24-DEC-1996) Kimitoshi Denda, Tokyo Institute of Technology, Department of Life Science; 4259 Nagatsuta, Midori-ku, Yokohama, Kanagawa 227, Japan (E-mail:kdenda@bio.titech.ac.jp, Tel:45-924-5702, Fax:45-924-5771)

FEATURES   Location/Qualifiers
           source          1..2399
                        /organism="Homo sapiens"
                        /mol_type="mRNA"
                        /db_xref="taxon:9606"
           CDS             176..1717
                        /codon_start=1
                        /product="hepatocyte growth factor activator inhibitor"
                        /protein_id="BAA25014.1"
                        /db_xref="GI:2924601"
                        /translation="MAPARTMARARLAPAGIPAVALLWLLCTLGLQGTQAGPPPPAPGGL
                        PAGADCLNSFTAGVPGFVLDTNASVSNAGATFLESPTVRRGWDVCRACCTTQNCNLALV
                        ELQPDREGEDIAAACFLINCLYEQNFVCKFAPREGFINYLTRVYRSYRQLRTQGFSGS
                        GIPKAWAGIDLKVPQEQEPLVLDKDVNTDWRLLRGDIDVVRVERKDPNQVELWGLKEGTY
                        LFQLTIVTSSDHPEDTANVTIVLSTKQTEDYCLASNKVGRCRGSFPRWYDPTQEQICK
                        SFVYGGCLGNKNYLREEECILACRGVQGPSMERRHPVCSGTCQPTQFRCSNGCCIDS
                        FLECDTTPNCPDASDEAAACEKYTSGFDELQRIHFPSDKGHCVDLPTDGLCKESIPRWY
                        YNPFSEHARFTYGGCYGNKNNFEEEQCLESCRGISKKDVFLRREIPIPTGSGVEM
                        AVAVFLVICIVVVVAILGYCFFKNQRKDFHGHHPPTPASSTVSTTDETEHLVYNH
                        TTRPL"
           polyA_signal     2379..2384
ORIGIN

```

Dec 07, 04 15:03

runGENOA.help

Page 3/8

```

1 cggccgagcc cagctctccg agcaccgggt cggaagccgc gaccgagcc ggcgaggaag
61 c...
2281 g...
2341 agttctcca acatcacagc ccagcccacc cactgggtaa taaaagtggg ttgtggaaa
//

```

1.3 Expressed sequence tag data (LIB_EST)

Multi FASTA file:

```

>dbEST|Acc|M61958|id|5|tissueESThs.1|hippocampus|Homo|sapiens
TGCACAACCAAGTTTTGTGACTACGGGAAGGCTCCCGGGGCAGAGGAGTACGCTCAACAA
GATGTGTTAAAGAAATCTTACTCCAAGGCCTTCACGCTGACCATCTCTGCCCTCTTTGTG
ACACCCAAGACGACTGGGGCCCNCGTGGAGTTAAGCGAGCAGCAACTNCAGTTGTNGGCC
AGTGTGTGGACAAGCTGTCCACCCACTGACA

```

In addition, GENOA expects to find three BLAST-formated file of the EST file LIB_EST:

- (1) LIB_EST.nhr
- (2) LIB_EST.seq
- (3) LIB_EST.nin.

1.4 Repetitive sequence data (LIB_repeat)

Multi FASTA file

```

>ALU
ggccggggcgcggtggctcacgctgtaatcccagcactttgggaggccgagggggaggattgcttgagcc
caggagttcgagaccagcctgggcaacatagcgagaccccgctctctacaaaaatacaaaaattagccggg
cgtggtggcgcgcgctgtagtcccagctactcgggaggctgagggcagggagatcgcttgagccaggagt
tcgaggctgcagtgagctatgatcgccactgcactccagcctgggagcagagcgagaccctgtctca

```

In addition, GENOA expects to find three BLAST-formated file of the repeat file LIB_repeat:

- (1) LIB_repeat.nhr
- (2) LIB_repeat.seq
- (3) LIB_repeat.nin.

Obtain repeats files from <http://www.girinst.org/index.html>, will require Username and Password (obtained after registration).

2. Basic OPTIONS

The general usage for a Genome Annotation (GENOA) run can be obtained from %runGENOA.pl -h. For instance, runGENOA.pl can be started via command line with the following usage: %runGENOA.pl [-options], where options is set to 'genus Homo', 'species sapiens', 'chr chr21', 'mrna DIR/LIB_mRNA', 'genomic DIR/LIB_genomic.chr21', 'genomesize 150000', 'ngenes 1000' and 'clean'.

The option 'clean' will delete numerous tmp files at the end of each GENOA run, including the basic input files LIB_EST.*, LIB_repeat.* as well as LIB_genomic.* files. These options can individually be modified at the end of the runGENOA.pl script.

The options 'genomesize' (in Mb) and 'ngenes' for the number of expected gene loci, are not crucial in the sense that they will limit the number of genomic DNA or genes to be annotated, but are approximate memory pre-allocation parameters and ought to be set according to available prior information or guess.

2.1 cDNA Repeat masking

GENOA incorporates masking of repetitive sequences in cDNAs by the following

Dec 07, 04 15:03

runGENOA.help

Page 4/8

usage: %runGENOA.pl [-options], where the additional options are 'mask LIB_repeat' and 'MBLAST'. The options 'mask' and 'MBLAST' incorporate the masking of repetitive sequences detected in cDNAs, and the usage of the program MaskBLAST. Alternatively, the program RepeatMasker can be used ('RM').

2.2 EST sequences

GENOA incorporates the masking of repetitive sequences in cDNAs by the following usage: %runGENOA.pl [-options], where the additional option is 'est DIR/LIB_EST' used.

2.3 Extraction of cDNA sequences from GenBank

GENOA incorporates the extraction of GenBank report files for an individual genus and species by the following usage: %runGENOA.pl [-options], where the additional options are 'db LIB_GenBank' and 'noimmune'.

In order to use runGENOA.pl with the above options, obtain all corresponding GenBank files, e.g., the flat files gbprim.seq, gbhtc.seq or gbrod.seq. Then, modify runGENOA.pl in the line following line:

```

"# #####
# TOSET: extract LIB_species, LIB_mRBA and LIB_genomics (and die)
$DIEAFTERGB = $FALSE;
"

```

and set the parameter \$DIEAFTERGB to the value \$TRUE. GENOA will extract genus and species as set in options, collect all GenBank records in a multi GenBank file and terminate after extraction. Use the option 'noimmune' to screen for immunoglobulin genes and to not include those Ig's into the multi GenBank file.

3 Advanced options

Advanced option can be set and modified for BLAST searches and parsing of sim4 output within the scripts runGENOA.pl and sim4Gb.pl, respectively.

3.1 BLAST parameters

For each BLAST search, (1) cDNA vs repetitive sequences and RepeatMasking, (2) cDNA vs genomic sequences, and (3) ESTs vs cDNA sequences, the word size, the the E values and the number of BLAST hits per search can be set individually.

3.2 EST spliced alignments (sim4 output)

A set of parameters affecting both sim4 output and parsing can be modified in sim42Gb.pl, the dependence of which is outlined for each parameter, starting in the following line:

```

"# #####
# TOSET:
$PARTIALCHECK
"

```

In particular, for each alignment the EST:genomic sequence similarity, the EST alignment size, the first and the last EST fragment similarities and minimum sizes can be controlled.

4 Basic OUTPUT

GENOA stored any output in separated sub directories and files, created during the run in the current working directory. The subdirectories are as follows:

Dec 07, 04 15:03

runGENOA.help

Page 5/8

/genoa, /genoa-nested, /genoa-blastout and /genoa-monitor. The last directory contains files for monitoring and reprocessing the alignment, and comprises the following subdirectories: /genomicseq-cds, /genomicseq-err, /genomicseq-est, and files: sim4Gb.err.fl and logGENOA.day.time.

4.1 The subdirectory /genoa and how to read results

GENOA stores the final output of cDNA and EST sequence annotated genomic files in the subdirectory /genoa. The output files are formatted in GenBank format, and can be used for further downstream processing.

Example output: (one gene)

```
LOCUS      chr21.G154721.Ctgl.G1-5  85647 bp   DNA           XXX           00-XXX-0000
DEFINITION .
ACCESSION chr21.ENSNG00000154721:1..85647:1..85647
KEYWORDS   ENSG00000154721.Ctgl chr21:1..85647 85647:85647 ENS:...
SOURCE     EnsEMBL_121503
ORGANISM   Homo_sapiens
COMMENT    no comment.

FEATURES             Location/Qualifiers
     mRNA             join(49607..49672,55590..59632,
                        64401..64603)
                        /certainty=111
                        /introncertainty=111
                        /match="AF255910:39..1245"
     mRNA             join(49607..49672,55590..55697,
                        64401..67993)
                        /certainty=111
                        /introncertainty=111
                        /match="AY077698:1..1087"
     mRNA             join(49607..49672,59480..59632,
                        64401..64603)
                        /certainty=111
                        /introncertainty=111
                        /match="AY358361:1..1295"
BASE COUNT  25594 a 16965 c 17140 g 25948 t
ORIGIN
1 tgaattcaga attagaatgg gtggaaagaa ttaaaaatgg taagctgtcc caaacacca
61 a...
85561 t...
85621 tatgtgaagt tacaaagttg ttccatg
```

4.2 The log file (logGENOA.*)

The log file (logGENOA.day.time) monitors all major steps of the alignment, and includes all BLAST output (hitlists), the cDNA repeat-masking, the spliced cDNA alignments, the EST alignments. For each process step, several statistics are monitored and provide overview about GENOA's task and performance, with time stamps where appropriate.

Example output: (one gene)

"Mon Nov 15 12:06:12 EST 2004

```
-----
GENOA Genome Annotation System                               v1.01
-----
massachusetts institute 31 ames str      department of biology
of technology           68-211          holste@mit.edu
cambridge, ma 02139    617.253.7039   (c) 2004
```

```
Usage: runGENOA.pl
       -db LIB_GenBank || (-mrna LIB_mRNA && -genomic LIB_genomic)
       -genus genus
       -species species
```

Dec 07, 04 15:03

runGENOA.help

Page 6/8

```
-chr chromosome
-genomesize genomesize
-ngenes ngenes
```

```
Options:
Genus: Homo
Species: sapiens
Chromosome: chr21
Flatfile: <>
Genomic file: <LIB_genomic.chr21>
mRNA file: <LIB_mRNA.noimmune>
Genome size (kb): 150000
Number of genes: 5000
BLAST:
E/ W mRNA vs repeats: 1e-10/ 11
E/ W mRNA vs genomic: 1e-15/ 25/ 1
E/ W mRNA vs ESTs: 1e-25/ 25/ 1000
Repeats:
Use Repeat file: <LIB_repeat>
Use RepeatMasker: 0
Use RM option -pa:
Use MaskBLAST: 1
EST data:
EST data file: <LIB_EST>
EST tissue entry: 5
Clean up files: 0
Log file: <logGENOA.Wed.Nov.10.153727.EST.2004>
Program name: ./runGENOA.pl
Arguments given: -genus homo -species sapiens -chr chr21
                -mrna LIB_mRNA.noimmune
                -genomic LIB_genomic.chr21 -genomesize 150000
                -ngenes 5000
                -mask LIB_repeat -MBLAST -est LIB_EST
Arguments not set in ./runGENOA.pl:
"intron gap" | 30bp [ "mrnavsgen.c" ]
"MAXINT" | 200000 [ "genomicSeq2Newagain.pl " ]
"$PARTIALCHECK" | FALSE [ "sim4Gb.pl" ]
"$QUALITYCHECK" | TRUE [ "sim4Gb.pl" ]
"$STRANDCHECK" | TRUE [ "sim4Gb.pl" ]
"$QualityCutOff" | 90% [ "sim4Gb.pl" ]
"$GenGapCutOff" | 30bp [ "sim4Gb.pl" ]
"$GenIntCutOff" | 200000bp [ "sim4Gb.pl" ]
"$ESTGapCutOff" | 1bp [ "sim4Gb.pl" ]
"$ESTLenCutOff" | 90% [ "sim4Gb.pl" ]
"$FirstESTLen" | 30 [ "sim4Gb.pl" ]
"$FirstESTQual" | 90% [ "sim4Gb.pl" ]
"$LastESTLen" | 30 [ "sim4Gb.pl" ]
"$LastESTQual" | 90% [ "sim4Gb.pl" ]
```

```
# runGENOA:01
# Files <LIB_mRNA.noimmune> and <LIB_genomic.chr21> present
# runGENOA:02|12
# Count loci in mRNA files multi GenBank file
# Number of mRNA files found: 10
# Number of genomic files found: 264
# runGENOA:02
# Converting mRNAs to FastA format...
# Indexing mRNA library files...
# runGENOA:03|12
# Masking repetitive sequences...
# Use MaskBLAST, repeat library data in FastA format & pre-formatdb data
# BLAST mRNAs vs repeat library...
# runGENOA:04|12
# Indexing genomics library files...
# Converting genomics to FastA format and formatDB...
# BLAST mRNAs vs genomic sequences...
# Create hitlists...
# runGENOA:05|12
# Count loci in LIB_genomic...
```

Dec 07, 04 15:03

runGENOA.help

Page 7/8

```

# Number of overall genomic BLAST hits: 1 | 1 uniq
# Number of mRNAs involved in hits: 1 | 1 uniq
# For each CTGhit: 1,2,... do
#
# * chr21.G184029.Ctgl
# Number of genomic BLAST hits for chr21.G184029.Ctgl: 1
# Aligning mRNAs to genomics...
# Number of genomic files for chr21.G184029.Ctgl aligned with mRNAs: 1
# Renumber of overall genomic BLAST hits after each CTG: 1 ( cf 1 )
# Number of overall genomic files aligned with mRNAs: 1
# Done overall aligning mRNAs to genomics
# runGENOA:06|12
# Store re-annotation of mRNAvsngen in LIB_genomic.new
# Number of re-annotated genomic files: 1
# runGENOA:07|12
# Trimming transcripts in genomicseq (intron-less, size and certainty)
# Move old and error files to genomicseq-old respectively genomicseq-err
# runGENOA:08|12
# Separating single gene regions
# Check cDNAs for genes on opposite strands...
# For each genon, 1,2,... do
#
# * chr21.G184029.Ctgl
# separate strands f 0 | r 1
# inverse complement genes r 1 | ic 1
# chop genes on ic strand...
# Number of cDNAs, and ( f | r | ic ) files: 1, and ( 0 | 1 | 1 )
# runGENOA:09|12
# Moving chopped cDNA transcripts to new directory...
# Number of multi-cDNA (single-cDNA) genes 0 (1)
# Rename genomicseq to genomicseq-tmp (historical reasons)
# Rename genomicseq-new to genomicseq (historical reasons)
# runGENOA:10|12
# Use ESTs in FastA format and use pre-formatDBed EST data
# Select mRNAs from genomicseq/chr21 with alignments to BLAST ESTs...
#
# * Number of overall aligned mRNAs to CTG chr21.G184029.Ctgl.ic.G1
# found 1 | 1 uniq
# BLAST aligned mRNAs from vs ESTs...
# Making index file of hits...
# Aligning EST2genomics...
# Creating new genomic sequence annotation based on ESTs...
# found EST alignments ... completed 1 | 1
# Number of overall EST hits 1 ( 1 uniq )
# Number of overall sim4 alignments 1 ( 1 uniq )
# runGENOA:11|12
# Add EST alignments to mRNA chopped CTGs...
# Number of transcript units: 1
# Number of transcript units with single mRNA hits: 1
# Number of transcript units with multiple mRNA hits: 0
# runGENOA:12|12
# Classifying mRNA hits:
# Alternatively spliced: 0
# Nested: 1
# On opposite strands: 0
# Overlapping but not nested: 0
"

```

5 Scripts, binaries and system requirements

The main script supervising the reading in of files and performing the BLAST and alignment steps is runGENOA.pl. The subdirectories /bin and /pl contain the corresponding binaries and perl scripts. GENOA requires preformatted BLAST files for cDNAs, repeats and EST sequences. The BLAST v2.2.5 (or higher) has been tested and performed well for large (>2Gb) EST multi FASTA files. Note that in order to process >2Gb files, Perl v5.8.0 (or higher) is required. GENOA has been developed using libraries available under the OpenSource Linux RedHat

Dec 07, 04 15:03

runGENOA.help

Page 8/8

distribution 7.3

5.1 Preprocessing

Genomic:GenBank flatfiles can be formatted by using three the format*.pl scripts available under /pl subdirectory: formatCtg2chop.pl and formatFasta2Gb.pl, and a batch file formatCtgchop+Fasta2Gb.pl. In order, these scripts chop genomic DNA into contigs of size 1Mb (current setting), and create GenBank files for each contig.

6 References

GENOA program.

D.Holste, R-F.Yeh, L.P.Lim, G.Yeo and C.Burge.
<http://genes.mit.edu/genoa>

Variation in alternative splicing across human tissues.
 G. Yeo, D.Holste, G.Kreiman, and C.B.Burge.
 Genome Biology 5 (2004)

SNP-based validation of exonic splicing enhancers.
 W.G.Faibrother, D.Holste}, C.B.Burge, and P.A.Sharp.
 PLoS Biology 2 (2004)